



New classification for identifying HR Myeloma based on cytogenetics abnormalities

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DISCLOSURES

Honoraria: Janssen, Takeda, Amgen, Sanofi, Bristol Myers Squibb, Pfizer, Adaptive

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Revised International Staging System (R-ISS)

Prognostic Factor	Criteria
ISS stage	
I	Serum β_2 -microglobulin < 3.5 mg/L, serum albumin \geq 3.5 g/dL
II	Not ISS stage I or III
III	Serum β_2 -microglobulin \geq 5.5 mg/L
CA by iFISH	
High risk	Presence of <u>del(17p)</u> and/or translocation <u>t(4;14)</u> and/or translocation <u>t(14;16)</u>
Standard risk	No high-risk CA
LDH	
Normal	Serum LDH < the upper limit of normal
High	Serum LDH > the upper limit of normal
A new model for risk stratification for MM	
R-ISS stage	
I	ISS stage I and standard-risk CA by iFISH and normal LDH
II	Not R-ISS stage I or III
III	ISS stage III and either high-risk CA by iFISH or high LDH

Greipp et al. J Clin Oncol 2005

Palumbo et al. J Clin Oncol 2015

(CA : Chromosomal Abnormalities)

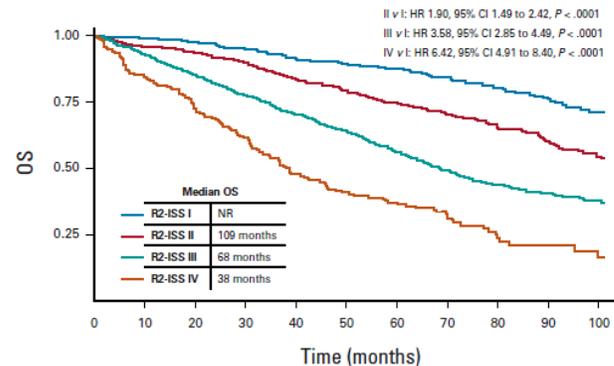
R2-ISS from European Myeloma Network

3340 NDMM patients

TABLE 2. R2-ISS Score Definition on the Basis of the Evaluable Patients Included in the Training Set (n = 2,226)

Risk Feature	OS HR (95% CI)	PFS HR (95% CI)	Score Value ^a
ISS II	1.75 (1.49 to 2.05)	1.43 (1.28 to 1.61)	1
ISS III	2.53 (2.13 to 3.01)	1.76 (1.54 to 2.01)	1.5
del(17p)	1.82 (1.53 to 2.17)	1.43 (1.23 to 1.65)	1
LDH high	1.60 (1.36 to 1.88)	1.37 (1.20 to 1.57)	1
t(4;14)	1.53 (1.29 to 1.81)	1.40 (1.21 to 1.62)	1
1q+	1.47 (1.29 to 1.68)	1.33 (1.20 to 1.48)	0.5

Group	No. (%)	Total Additive Score
Low (I)	428 (19)	0
Low-intermediate (II)	686 (31)	0.5-1
Intermediate-high (III)	917 (41)	1.5-2.5
High (IV)	195 (9)	3-5



D'Agostino et al. J Clin Oncol 2022



Workshop on “Genomics Defining High-Risk Myeloma”
Barcelona July 7-8, 2023

IMS consensus on genomic definition of high risk myeloma

Del17p

in more than 20% of sorted plasma cells

TP53 mut

(no threshold VAF)

**Biallelic
Del(1p32)**

Association of 2 among

t(4;14) or t(14;16) or t(14;20)

Gain/Amp 1q

Monoallelic del(1p32)

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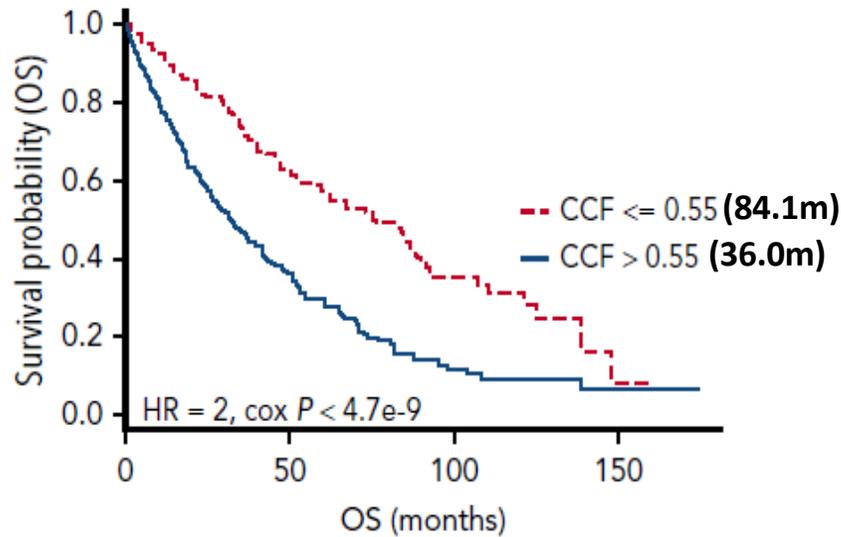
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Monoallelic del(1p32)

Del17p (8-10% of NDMM) : which prognostic cut off by FISH ?

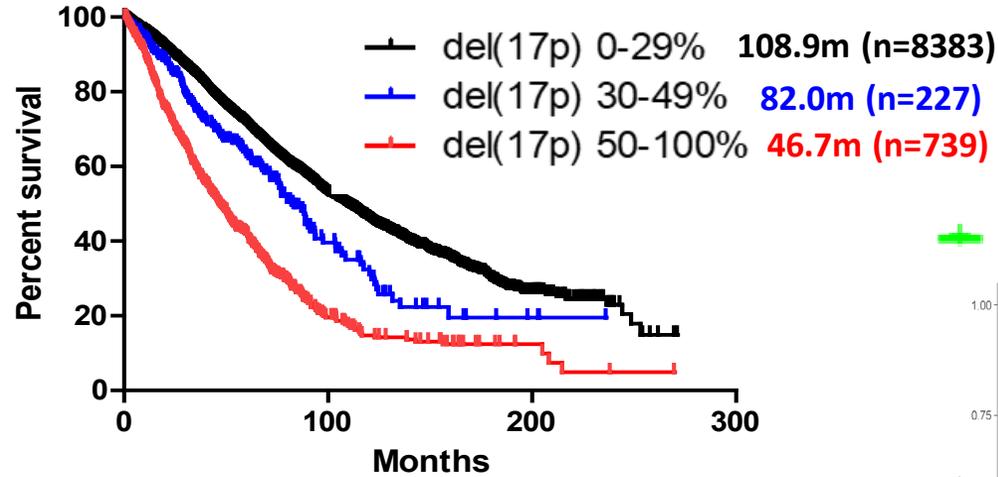
- *R-ISS : « higher than the cutoff threshold defined by each lab »*
- *R2-ISS : 10 to 20%*
- *IFM : 50-55%*
- *Until 1% in some clinical studies !*

Del17p (8-10% of NDMM) : which prognostic cut off by FISH ?

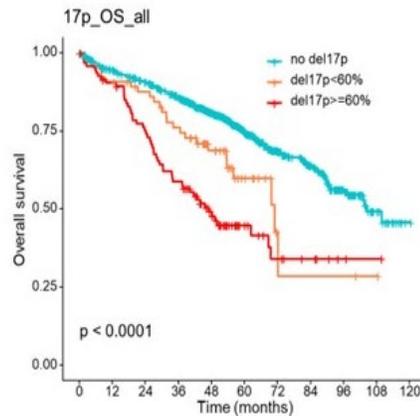


Thakurta et al. Blood 2019

OS according to del17p



IFM data



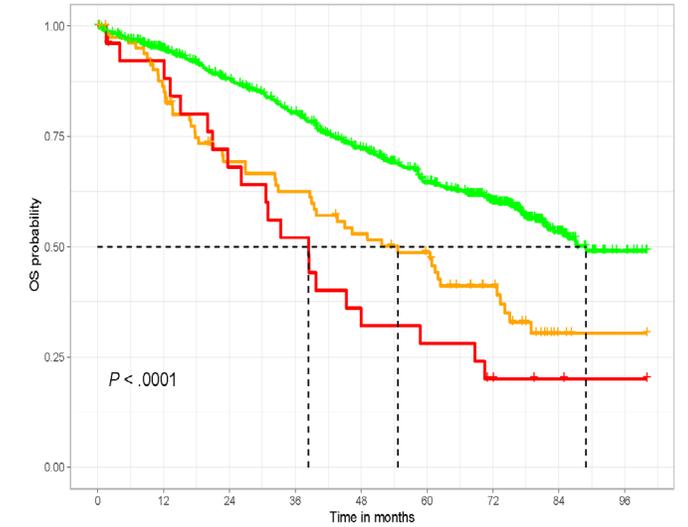
GMMG data

Number at risk

	1207	1112	1049	967	720	364	196	136	67	17	1
—	65	59	54	46	31	14	3	2	2	1	0
—	95	84	69	54	35	15	9	6	2	1	0
—	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120

Time (months)

CCF <10% CCF 10%-55% CCF >55%



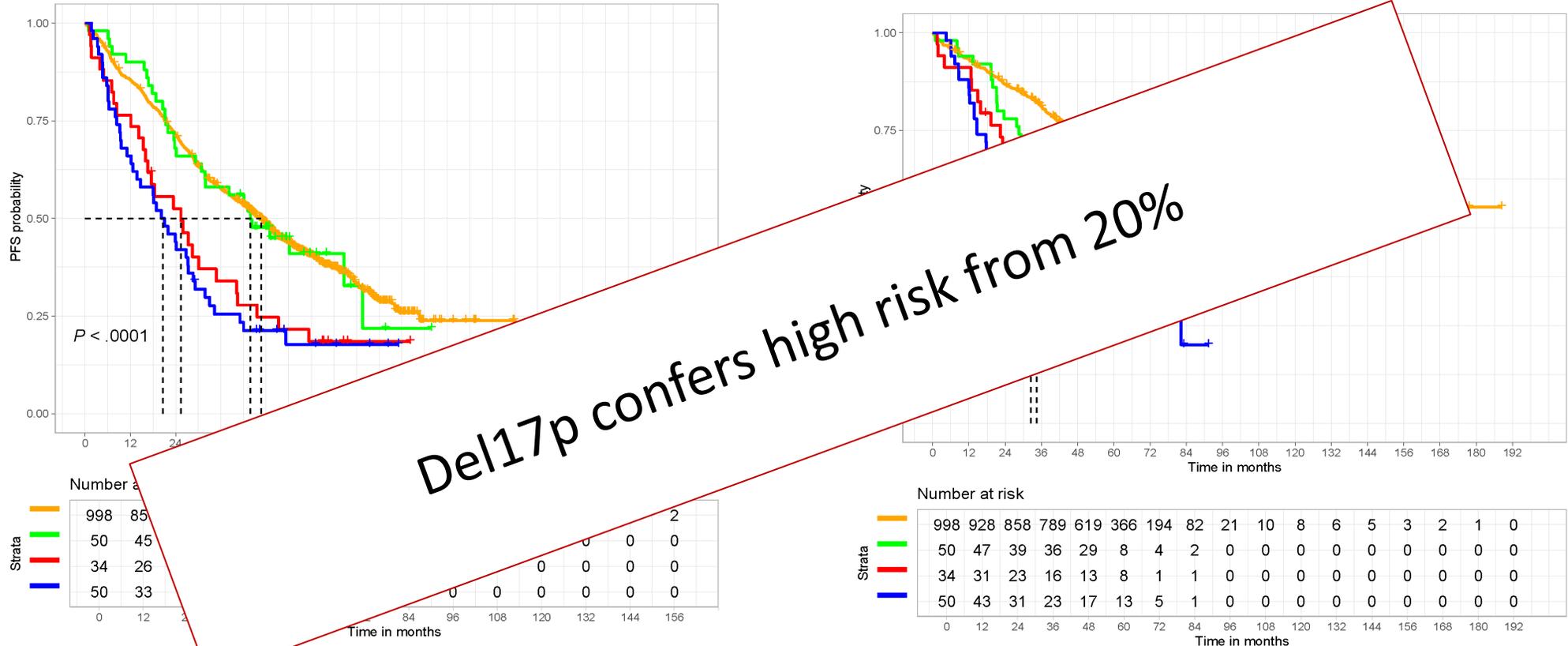
Number at risk

	680	604	531	468	393	319	247	84	33
—	83	69	51	46	38	33	21	4	2
—	26	23	17	13	8	7	4	2	1
	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96

Time in months

HARMONY dataset

Del17p (8-10% of NDMM) : which prognostic cut off by FISH ?



- Del17p <10% (998 patients)
- Del17p 10%-20% (50 patients)
- Del17p 21-50% (34 patients)
- Del17p >50% (50 patients)

IMS consensus on genomic definition of high risk myeloma

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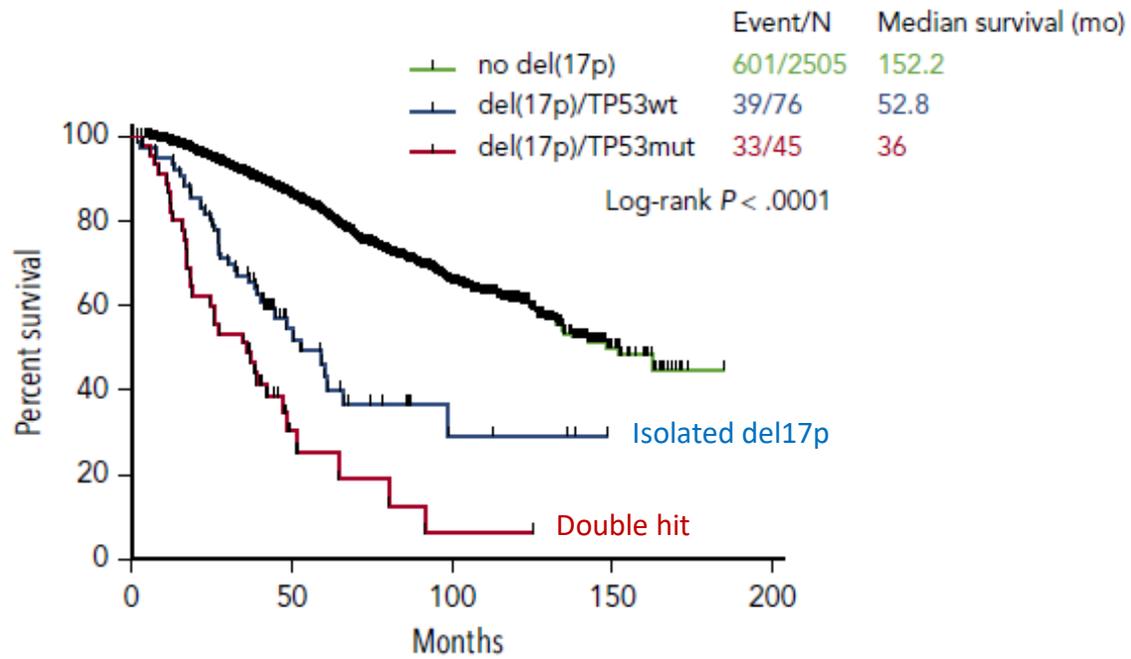
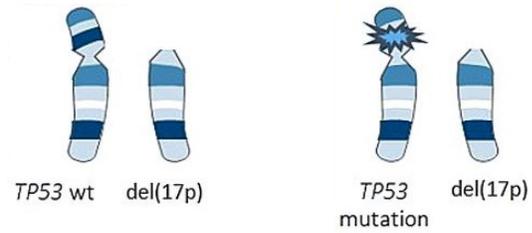
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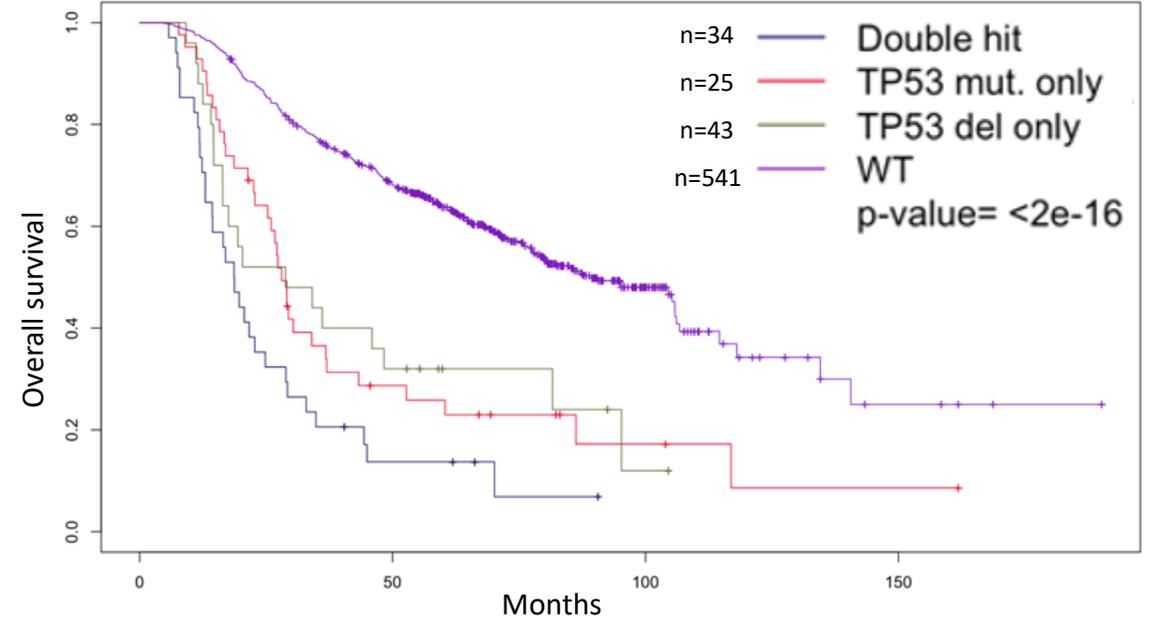
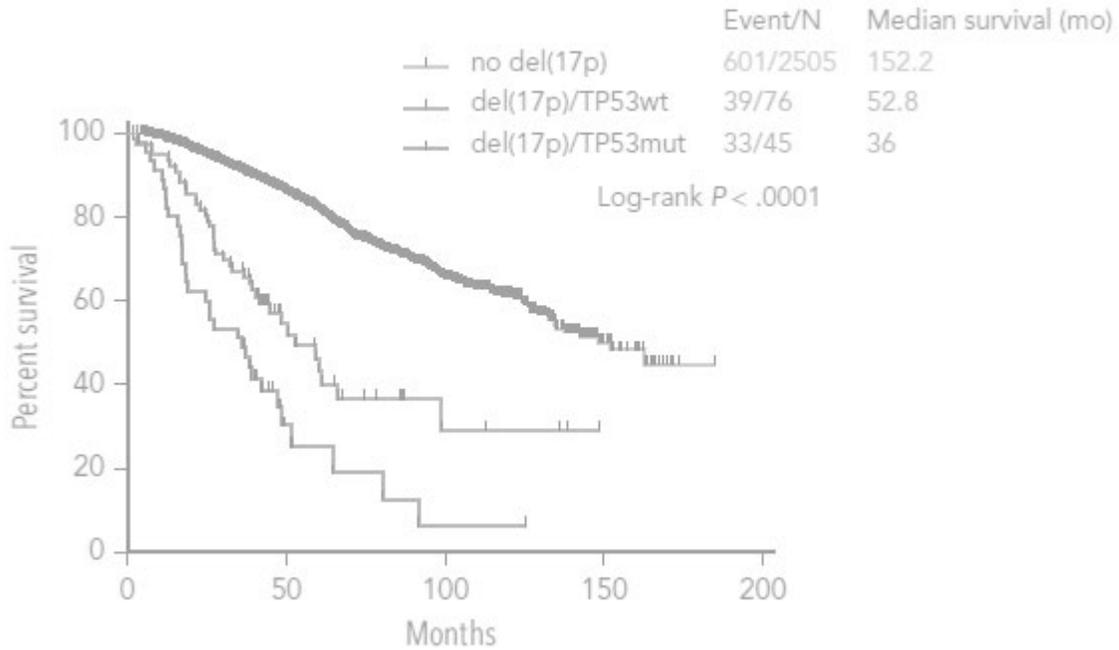
Gain/Amp 1q

Monoallelic del(1p32)

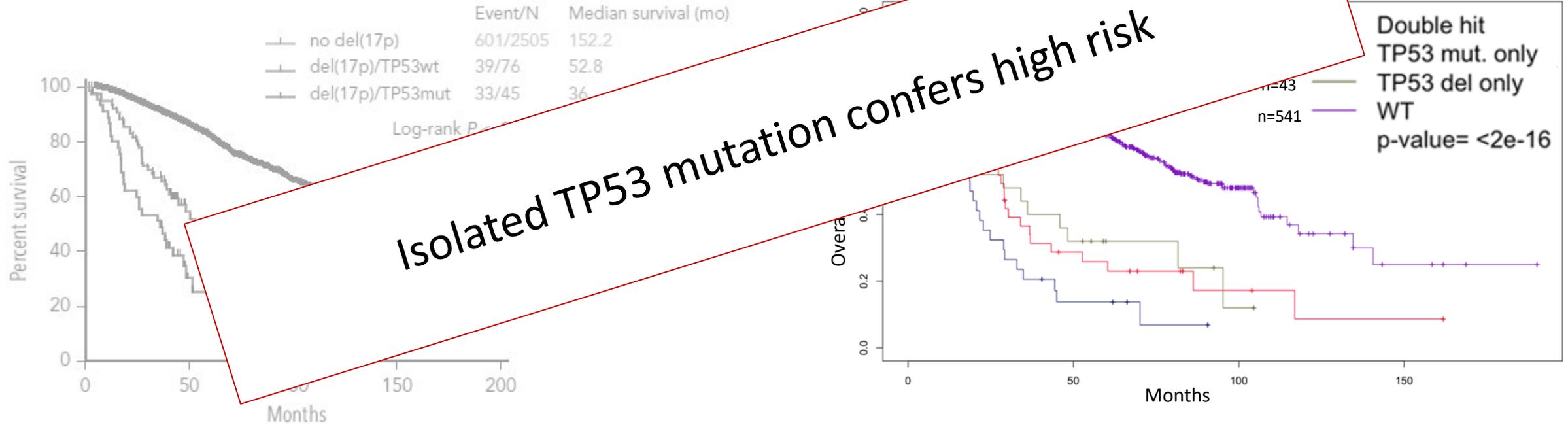
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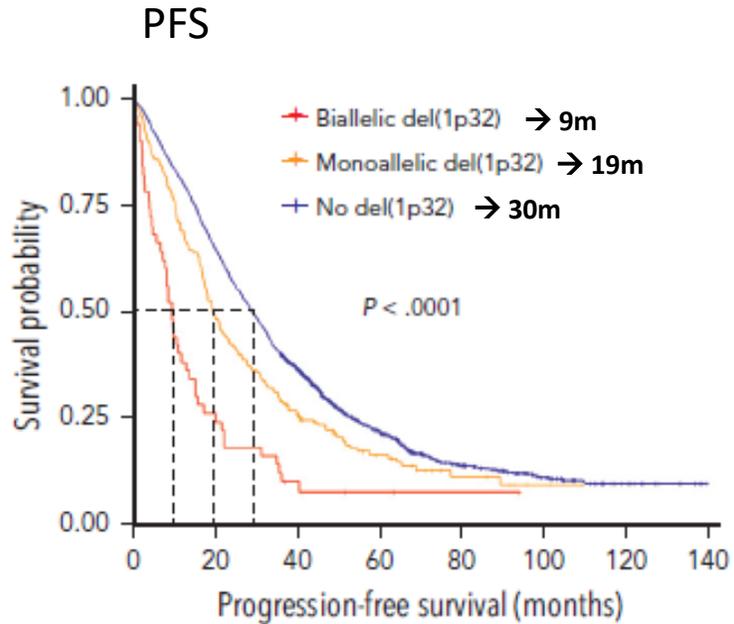
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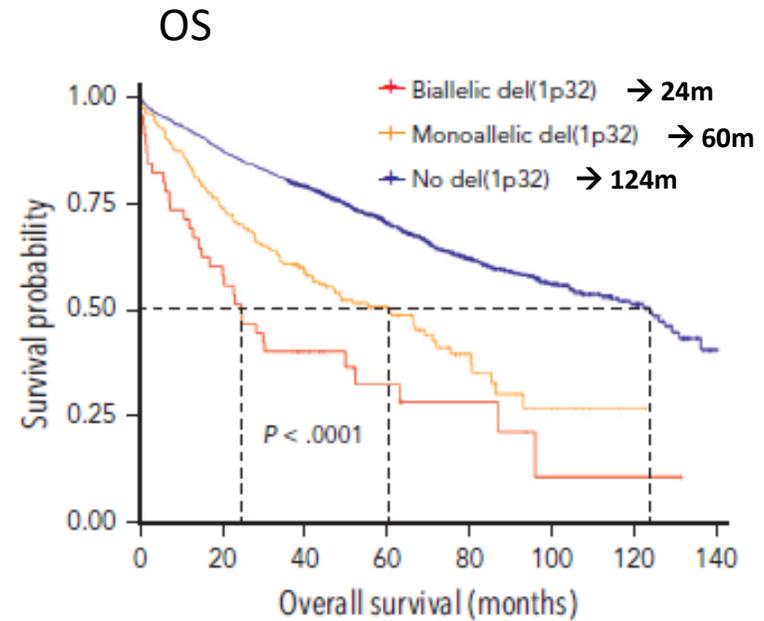
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Monoallelic del(1p32)

Prognostic impact of del(1p32) : 10% of NDMM, including 1/5 biallelic

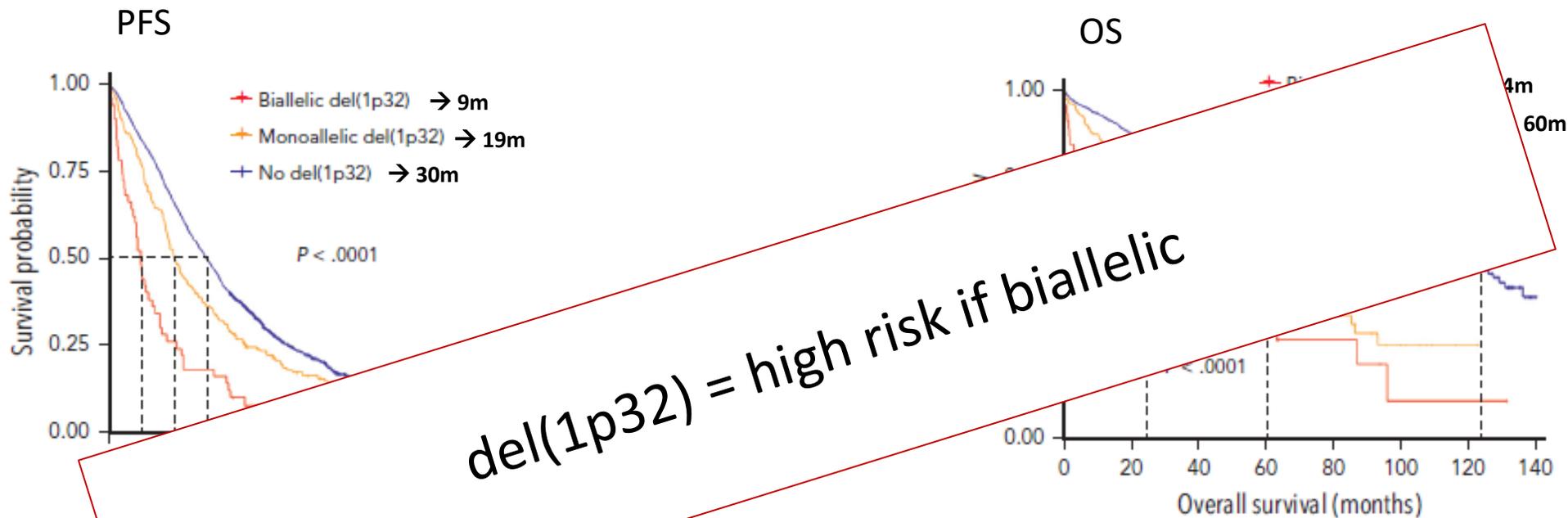


	Number at risk							
Biallelic del(1p32)	50	13	4	2	1	0	0	0
Monoallelic del(1p32)	202	99	51	20	7	2	0	0
No del(1p32)	2084	1357	686	276	114	48	14	0



	Number at risk							
Biallelic del(1p32)	45	27	14	8	4	1	1	0
Monoallelic del(1p32)	180	133	94	50	19	7	1	0
No del(1p32)	1923	1684	1377	797	444	214	70	1

Prognostic impact of del(1p32) : 11% of NDMM, including 1/5 biallelic



Biallelic del(1p32)	50		0	0
Monoallelic del(1p32)	202	2	0	0
No del(1p32)	2084	276	114	48

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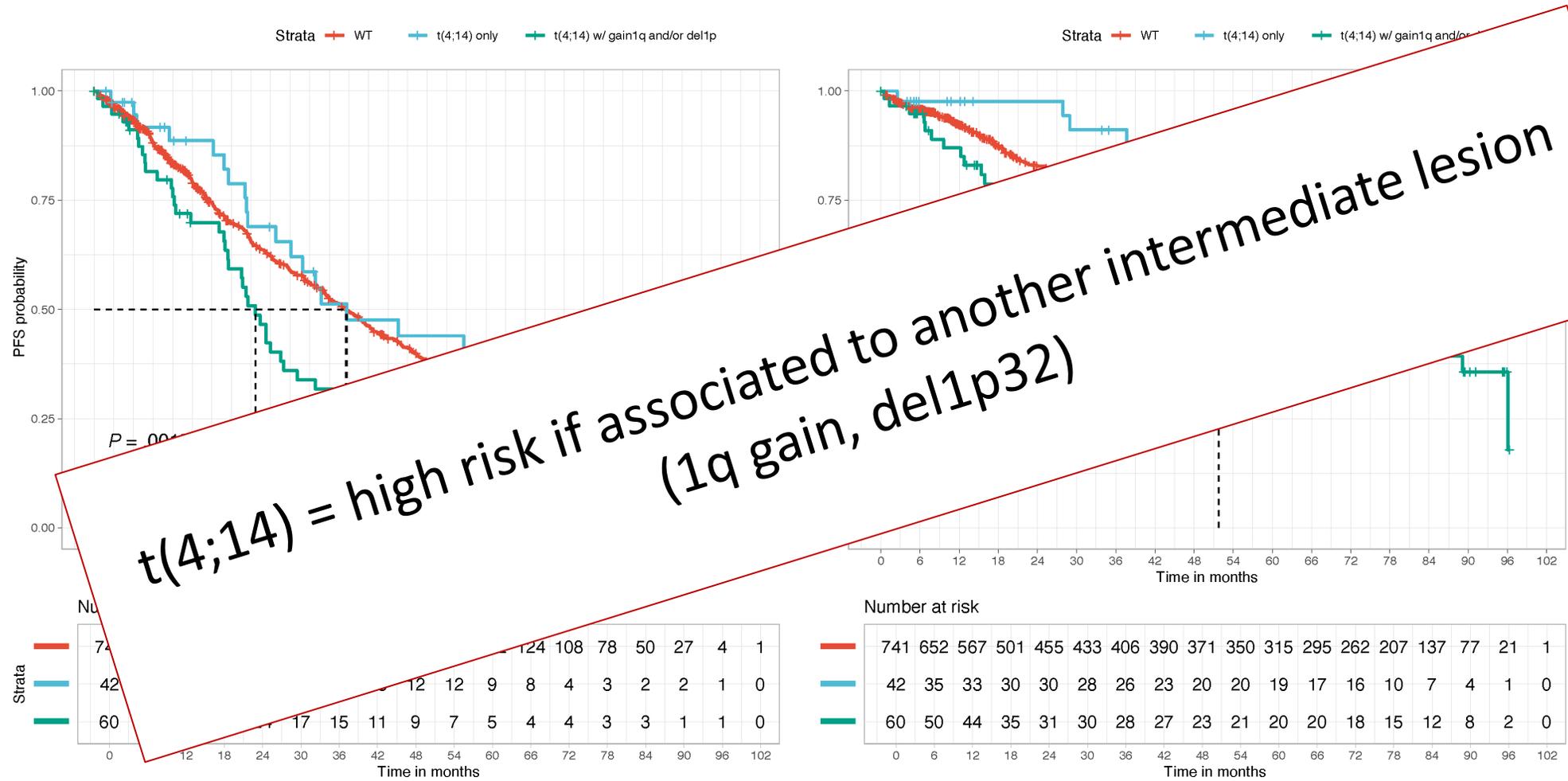
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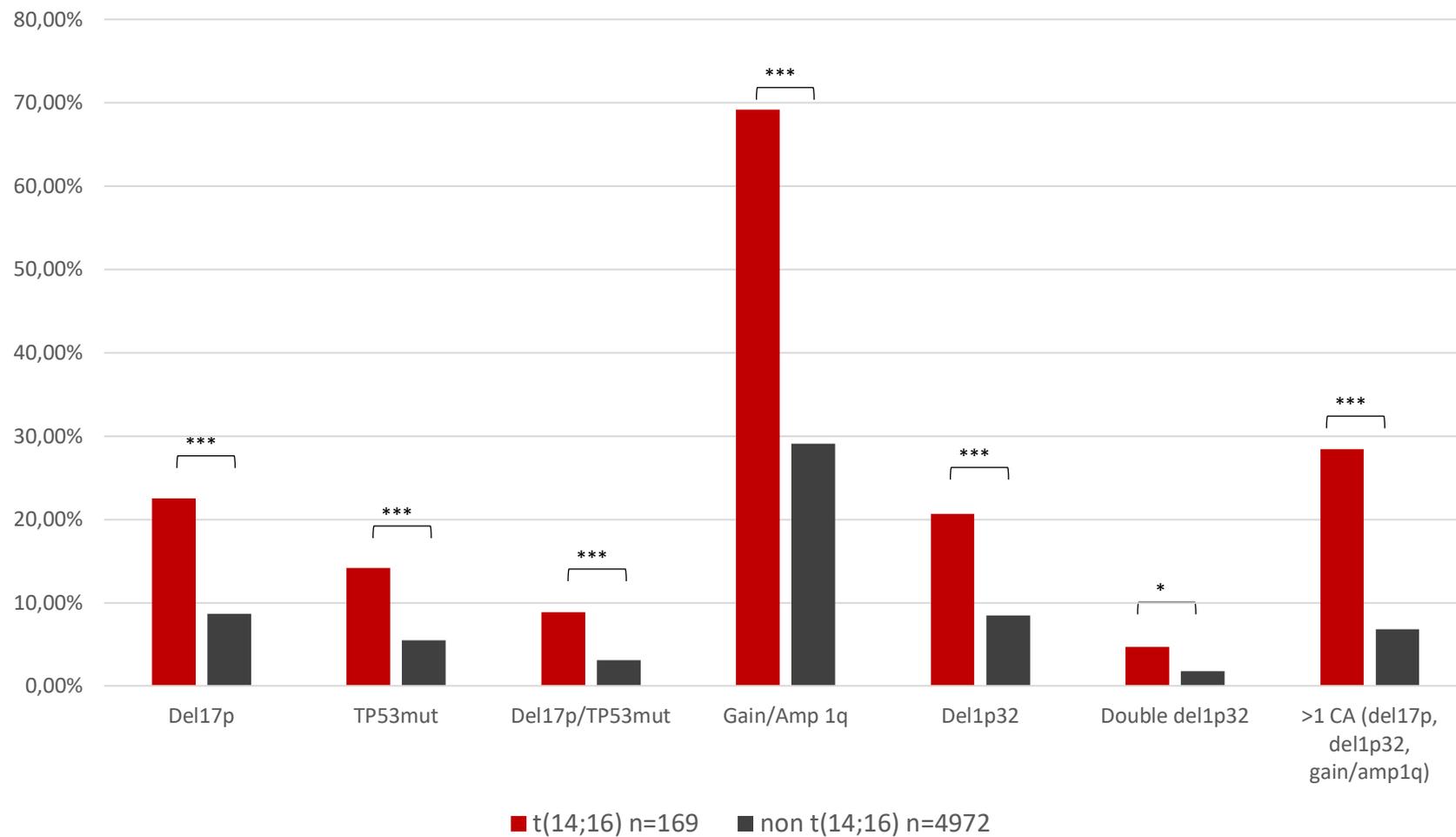
Monoallelic del(1p32)

Heterogeneous prognostic impact of t(4;14) : 10-15% of NDMM

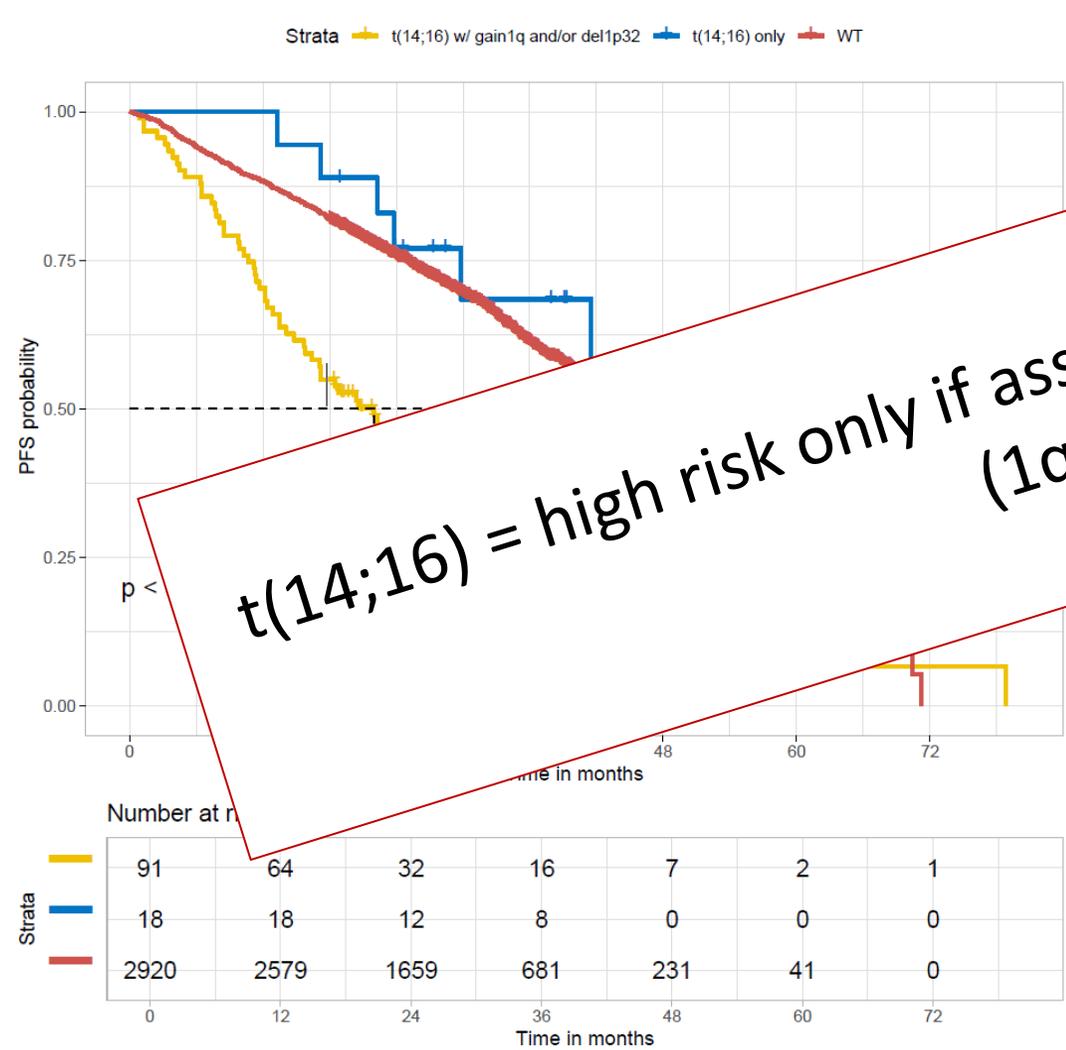


CoMMpass datasetSM

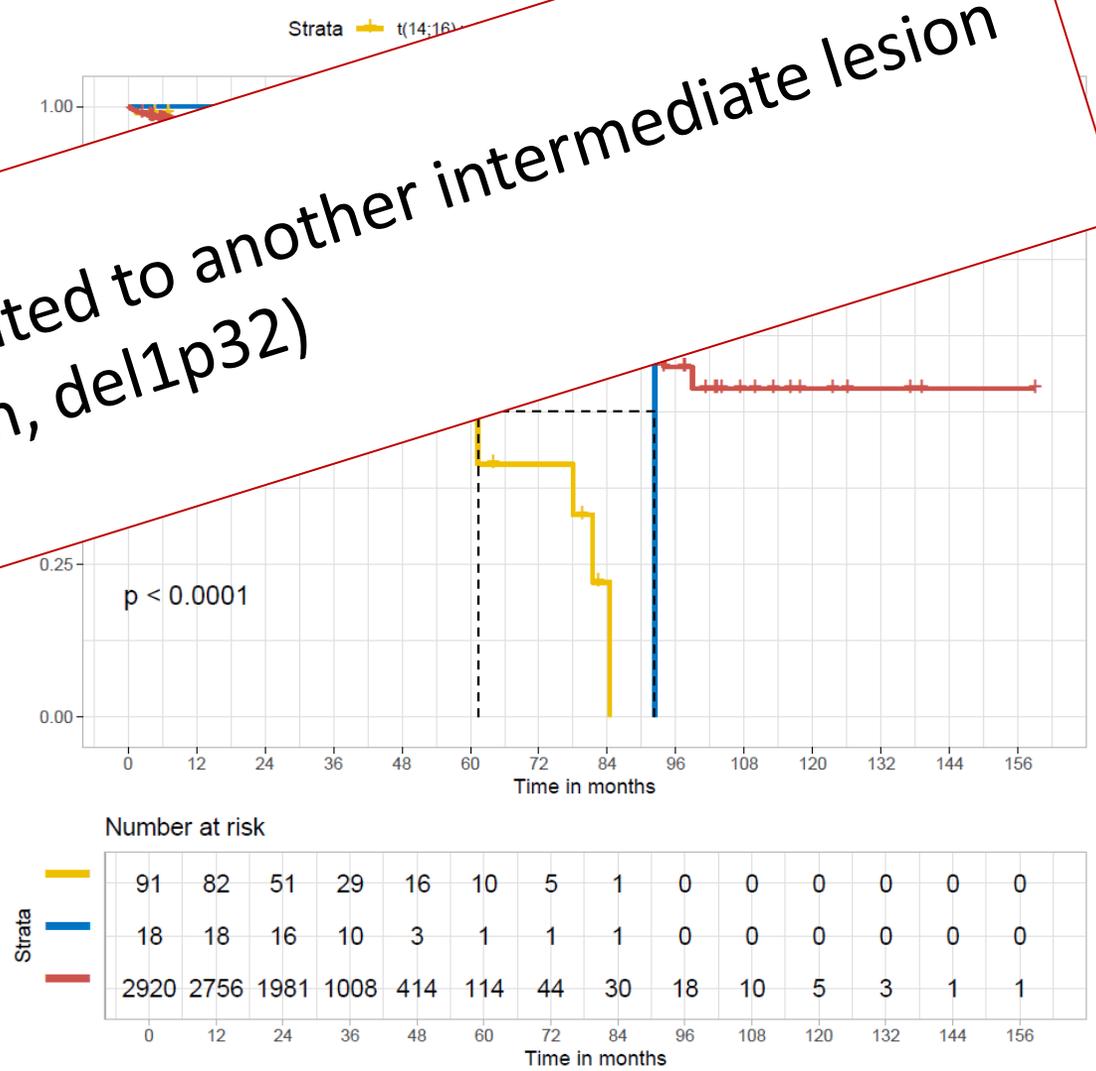
Prognostic impact of t(14;16) : 1-3% of NDMM



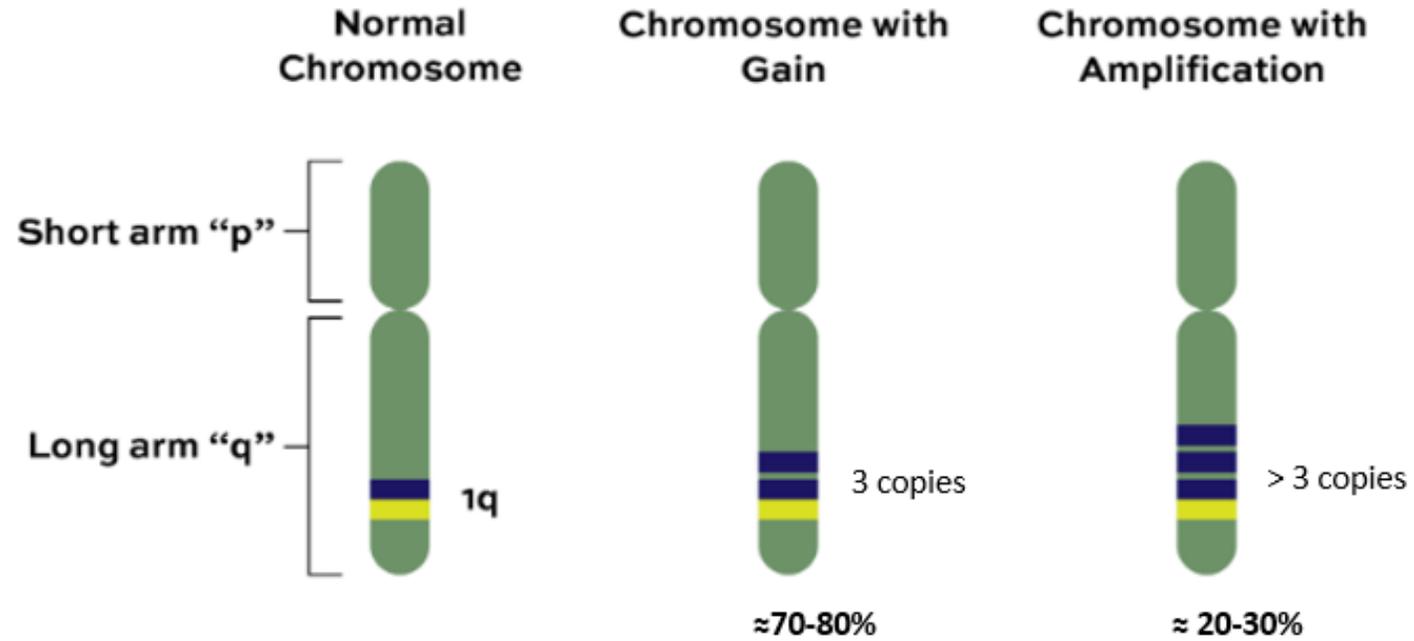
Prognostic impact of t(14;16)



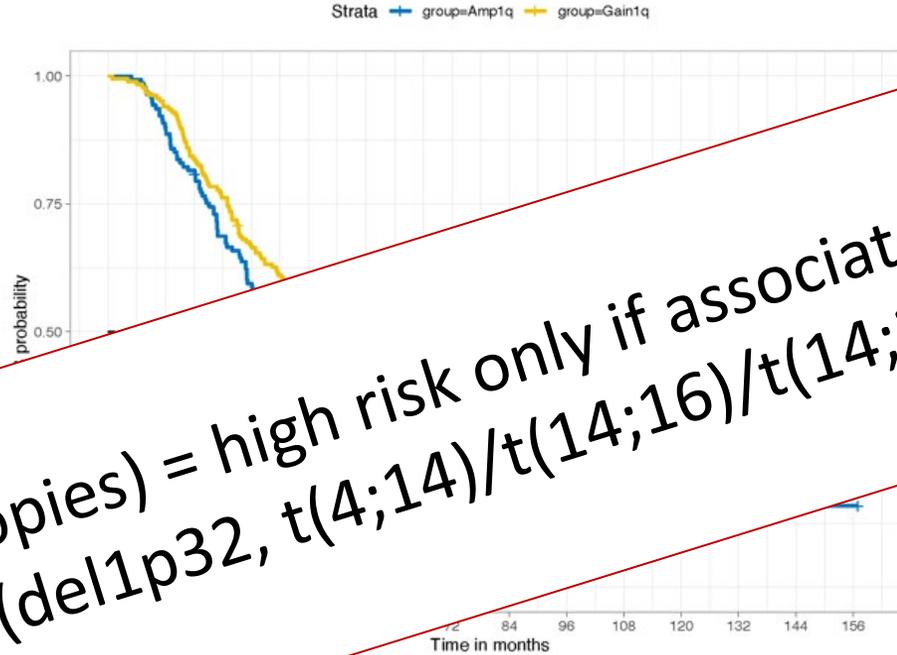
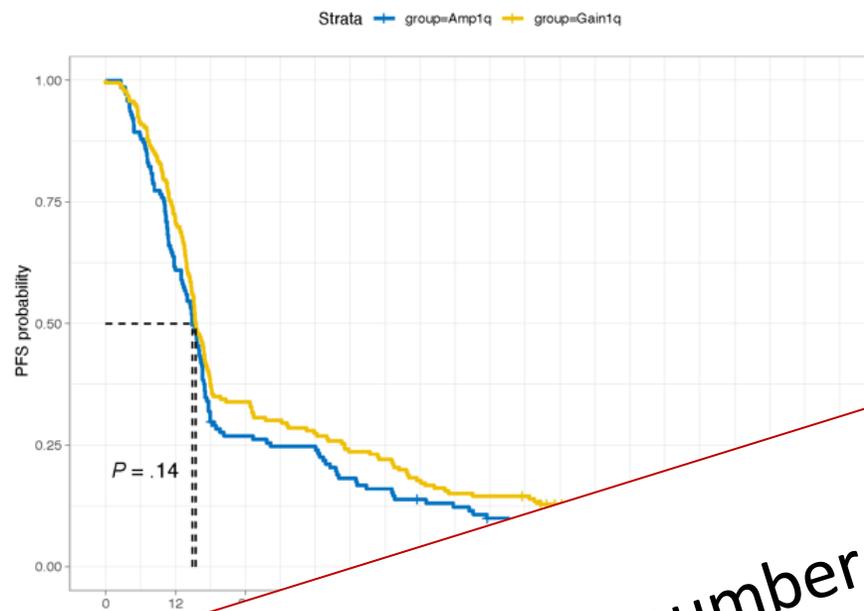
t(14;16) = high risk only if associated to another intermediate lesion (1q gain, del1p32)



Prognostic impact of Gain 1q : 35% NDMM !



Prognostic impact of Gain 1q : 35% NDMM !



1q gain (whatever number of copies) = high risk only if associated to another intermediate lesion (del1p32, t(4;14)/t(14;16)/t(14;20))

Strata

Time in months	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144	156
group=Amp1q	141	127	96	78	63	50	41	31	16	6	3	2	1	1
group=Gain1q	185	174	141	112	90	73	54	42	21	5	2	1	1	0

Time in months

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Conclusion

- The IMS Panel recommends the use of this HRMM definition in all clinical trials going forward and in routine practice.
- The HR subset should represent around 20% of NDMM patients.
- Represents an important step toward risk-stratified therapeutic approaches in routine.
- **We hope that this definition will promote the design and conduct of clinical trials FOCUSED on patients with HRMM**
- NGS-based definition, but available data with FISH (report the cut-offs positivity used)
- *Do we need an ultra high risk definition ?*
- FUTUR : continue to explore GEP, CTC, EMD, APOBEC, chromotrypsis, TSG mutations, GPRC5D/BCMA mutations, number of focal lesions, immune profile

Thanks to the International Myeloma Society



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